

Proper Maintenance & Best Use Practices:

Having your Yeti 3000 Lithium connected to a power source, like a solar panel or wall outlet, between adventures or while in storage keeps its battery healthy and topped off. This prolongs battery life and will ensure your Yeti 3000 Lithium is charged and ready to go all day, every day.

If you can't keep the Yeti 3000 Lithium plugged into a power source during storage, fully-charge your Yeti 3000 Lithium every 3 months and store in a cool, dry place. Failure to maintain the Yeti 3000 Lithium by following these steps can result in battery damage which will void the product warranty.

Cold temperatures (below freezing) can impact the Yeti's battery capacity. If you'll be living off-grid in sub-zero conditions, we recommend keeping your Yeti 3000 Lithium in an insulated cooler, connected to a power source (solar panels), and charging your gear. The natural heat generated by the Yeti 3000 Lithium contained in an insulated cooler will keep battery capacity at its highest.

When charging gear with the Yeti 3000 Lithium, take note of the LCD Battery Display. If you plug in devices that have a high-power requirement (a large refrigerator), the charge level of the Yeti can drop very quickly, and you may not get exactly 3075Wh of energy. Also, especially when using the AC power output, the Goal Zero Yeti will be converting the energy from the DC power of the battery to the AC power needed by your device. Although your Goal Zero Yeti has a highly efficient inverter, there is still some energy lost in the conversion and you will not get the full rated capacity of the battery.